

Early Learning in Louisiana

By Jessica Troe July 2016

Louisiana families need access to affordable child care and preschool to support working parents and to ensure that children start kindergarten ready to learn. During the first five years of life, children learn critical skills such as language and socio-emotional regulation, which provide a foundation for lifelong learning. High-quality preschool and child care can support healthy development and enable parents to work. Unfortunately, too many children are left behind by the status quo. In fact, differences in children's cognitive abilities by income are evident at only 9 months old and significantly widen by the time children are age 2.2 Early learning has positive impacts for children, families, and the economy.³ It's time to work to put these programs within reach.

Louisiana families need access to high-quality child care and preschool

Louisiana has 409,726 children under age 6,4 67 percent of whom have all available parents in the workforce.5

High-quality child care and preschool programs help narrow school readiness gaps, which is particularly important for children of color and those living in low-income families.⁶

The cost of child care is out of reach for families

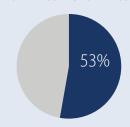
Annual costs at a child care center in Louisiana average \$10,661 for an infant and a 4-year-old,9 which is 20 percent of the median income for families with children.10

For low-income families and people of color, the average cost of child care would constitute the majority of income in most cases.¹¹

The current child care system is failing Louisiana families

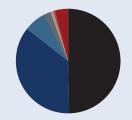
On average, the Child Care and Development Block Grant, or CCDBG, serves only 16 percent of federally eligible children in Louisiana. 12 This results in only 19,100 Louisiana children served through CCDBG funds.¹³ Of those served, 91 percent attend licensed or regulated center-based care.14

Children living in low-income families⁷



Share of children younger than age 6 living in low-income households

Race and ethnicity of children younger than age 58*



50% ■ White

36% ■ African American

7% ■ Latino

2% ■ Asian

1% American Indian and Alaska Native

<0.5% Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander

4% ■ Two or more races

50.5 percent

of Louisiana's children under age 5 are children of color.

Louisiana families need greater access to high-quality preschool programs

The state of Louisiana's education system has various grants and programs to provide early learning services to 4-year-olds. Sixty-six of the 70 school districts use the 8(g)Student Enhancement Block Grant Program to offer preschool to 4-year-olds from low-income families and children that are at risk of not being school ready. The Cecil J. Picard LA4 Early Childhood Program is also targeted at 4-year-olds living in lowincome families. Additionally, the Non-Public Schools Early Childhood Development Program, reimburses preschool tuition for low-income families. 15 This preschool program meets 9.1 quality benchmarks set by the National Institute for Early Education Research and spends \$4,658 annually per student.

In Louisiana, 19 percent of 3-year-olds and 44 percent of 4-year-olds are enrolled in a public preschool program.¹⁶

Investing in high-quality early learning programs affects economies

Making child care more affordable for families can increase mothers' workforce participation, resulting in a boost to the state's economy. 17

In Louisiana, if child care costs did not exceed more than 10 percent of a family's income, the state's economy would increase nearly \$6.25 million.¹⁸

We can do better for Louisiana families

The Center for American Progress proposes two solutions to put high-quality child care and preschool within reach for Louisiana families and create an early childhood learning continuum for children:

- A new High-Quality Child Care Tax Credit would help families afford high-quality care for their children. This tax credit would benefit an estimated 131,400 children in Louisiana¹⁹ and save families an average of \$2,455 per year on child care costs.²⁰
- Voluntary universal preschool for all 3- and 4-year-olds. 21 This would increase access for 111,100 children in Louisiana.²²

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*Correction, July 19, 2017: This fact sheet has been updated to clarify that the second pie chart refers to state-specific data.

Cost of child care as a share of income for people of color¹⁰

| American Indian | 20% |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Asian and Pacific Islander | 17% |
| African American | 40% |
| Latino | 26% |

Cost of child care as a share of income for low-income families¹¹

| 100 percent of the federal poverty level | 44% |
|--|-----|
| 150 percent of the federal poverty level | 29% |
| 200 percent of the federal poverty level | 22% |

Endnotes

- 1 Julia B. Isaacs, "Impacts of Early Childhood Programs" (Washington: First Focus and Brookings Institution, 2008), available at http://www.brookings.edu/~/media/Research/ Files/Papers/2008/9/early-programs-isaacs/09_early_programs isaacs.PDF.
- 2 National Center for Education Statistics, "Early Childhood Longitudinal Program (ECLS): Birth Cohort (ECLS-B)," available at https://nces.ed.gov/ecls/birth.asp (last accessed April 2016).
- 3 Jennifer Erickson, ed., "The Middle Class Squeeze" (Washington: Center for American Progress, 2014), available at https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/economy/ report/2014/09/24/96903/the-middle-class-squeeze/.
- 4 Bureau of the Census, "Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement, 2015," available at http:// www.census.gov/cps/data/cpstablecreator.html (last accessed April 2016).
- 5 Bureau of the Census American FactFinder, "Table GCT2302: Percent of Children Under 6 Years Old with All Parents in the Labor Force - United States -- States; and Puerto Rico, Universe: Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies, 2010-2014 Ameri-, can Community Survey 5-Year Estimates," available at http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/ pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS_14_5YR_GCT2302. US01PR&prodType=table (last accessed April 2016).
- 6 Allison Friedman-Krauss, W. Steven Barnett, and Milagros Nores, "How Much Can High-Quality Universal Pre-K Reduce Achievement Gaps?" (Washington: Center for American Progress, 2016), available at https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/education/report/2016/04/05/132750/howmuch-can-high-quality-universal-pre-k-reduce-achievement-gaps/.
- 7 National Center for Children in Poverty, "50 State Data: Income levels of children under age 6," available at http://www.nccp.org/tools/table.php?db=dem&data=per&state=&ids=1&states=&title=50-State%20Data&age=6&unit=Children&inc=Low Income&denom=char&cat=1 (last accessed April 2016).
- 8 Kids Count Data Center, "Child Population By Race And Age Group," available at http://datacenter.kidscount. org/data/tables/8446-child-population-by-raceand-age-group?loc=1&loct=2#detailed/2/2-52/fal se/869/68,69,67,12,70,66,71|62/17078 (last accessed April
- 9 Author's analysis based on data from Child Care Aware of America, "Parents and the High Cost of Child Care: 2015 Report" (2015), available at http://usa.childcareaware.org/ wp-content/uploads/2016/03/Parents-and-the-High-Costof-Child-Care-2015-FINAL.pdf.
- 10 Author's analysis based on data from ibid. and the 2014 U.S. median income as measured by Kids Count Data Center. See Kids Count Data Center, "Median Family Income Among Households With Children," available at http://datacenter. kidscount.org/data/tables/65-median-family-incomeamong-households-with-children?loc=1&loct=2#detail ed/2/2-52/false/869,36,868,867,133/any/365 (last accessed April 2016).

- 11 Author's analysis based on data from Child Care Aware of America, "Parents and the High Cost of Child Care" and the 2014 median income as measured by Kids Count Data Center. See Kids Count Data Center, "Median Family Income Among Households With Children By Race And Ethnicity," available at http:// datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/8782-medianfamily-income-among-households-with-children-byrace-and-ethnicity?loc=1&loct=1#detailed/2/2-52/fal se/36/4038,4040,4039,2638,2597,4758,1353/17618 (last accessed April 2016).
- 12 Office of Child Care, "Investments in Early Childhood," April 12, 2016, available at http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ occ/investments-in-early-childhood.
- 13 Office of Child Care, "FY 2014 Preliminary Data Table 1 -Average Monthly Adjusted Number of Families and Children Served," May 26, 2015, available at http://www.acf.hhs.gov/ programs/occ/resource/fy-2014-preliminary-data-table-1.
- 14 Office of Child Care, "FY 2014 Preliminary Data Table 3 Average Monthly Percentages of Children Served by Types of Care," August 13, 2015, available at http://www.acf.hhs.gov/ programs/occ/resource/fy-2014-preliminary-data-table-3.
- 15 W. Steven Barnett and others, "The State of Preschool 2015: State Preschool Yearbook" (New Brunswick, NJ: National Institute for Early Education Research, 2016), available at http://nieer.org/sites/nieer/files/2015%20Yearbook.pdf. In states that do not serve 3-year-olds or with no preschool program, enrollment rates include federal Head Start only.
- 16 Ibid.
- 17 Josh Bivens and others, "It's time for an ambitious national investment in America's children" (Washington: Economic Policy Institute, 2016), available at http://www.epi.org/ publication/its-time-for-an-ambitious-national-investmentin-americas-children/.
- 18 Ibid.
- 19 Bureau of the Census, "Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement, 2015."
- 20 Katie Hamm and Carmel Martin, "A New Vision for Child Care in the United States" (Washington: Center for American Progress, 2015), available at https://www.americanprogress. org/issues/early-childhood/report/2015/09/02/119944/anew-vision-for-child-care-in-the-united-states-3/.
- 21 For a full description of CAP's universal preschool proposal, see Cynthia Brown and others, "Investing in Our Children" (Washington: Center for American Progress, 2013), available at https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/education/ report/2013/02/07/52071/investing-in-our-children/.
- 22 Author's calculations based on data from Bureau of the Census, "Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement, 2015," available at http://www. census.gov/cps/data/cpstablecreator.html (last accessed April 2016) and W. Steven Barnett and others, "The State of Preschool 2015: State Preschool Yearbook" (New Brunswick, NJ: National Institute for Early Education Research, 2016), available at http://nieer.org/sites/nieer/files/2015%20Yearbook.pdf.